ST/80-501





5.0ChLP Posterior tibia plate 3.7094 3.7095

- IMPLANTS
- INSTRUMENT SET 15.0205.201
- SURGICAL TECHNIQUE



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SYMBOLS DESCRIPTION

Titanium or titanium alloy	(H)	H length [mm]
Cobalt	\bigcirc	Angle
Left	88 340	available lengths
Right	4-22	Available number of holes
Available versions: left/right	1.8	Thickness [mm]
Length	1:1	Scale 1:1
Torx drive		Number of threaded holes in the shaft part of the plate
Torx drive cannulated		Number of locking holes in the plate
Hexagonal drive	VA	Variable angle
Hexagonal drive cannulated	\bigcirc	Cortical
Cannulated		Cancellous
Locking	Ster Non Ster	Available in sterile/ non- sterile condition
Diameter [mm]	\bigcirc	Refer to surgical technique
Caution - pay attention to a special procedure.		
Perform the activity under X-Ray control.		
Information about the next stages of a procedure.		
Proceed to the next stage.		
Return to the specified stage and repeat the activity.		
Before using the product, carefully read the Instructions for Use. It contains, among others, indications, contraindications, side effects, recommendations and warnings related to the use of the product.		

The above description is not a detailed instruction of conduct. The surgeon decides about choosing the operating procedure.

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The manufacturer reserves the right to introduce design changes. Updated INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE are available at the following website: ifu.chm.eu

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1. INTRODUCTION

This surgical technique applies to 5.0ChLP locked plating system used for proximal tibia osteosynthesis. The plates are a part of the ChLP locked plating system developed by ChM. The presented range of implants is made of materials in accordance with ISO 5832 standards.

The system for the proximal tibia treatment includes:

- implants (plates and screws),
- instrument set used for plates implantation,
- surgical technique.

Indications

The plates are used to treat:

- comminuted proximal tibia fractures,
- articular fractures of condyle,
- mal-unions and non-unions.

Plate selection and shaping

The plates are available in various lengths and widths. This allows for optimal selection of the implant to the fracture type. Shaping of the plates is not allowed.



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The above description is not a detailed instruction of conduct. The surgeon decides about choosing the operating procedure.

2. IMPLANT DESCRIPTION

Posterior tibia plates are a part of 5.0ChLP system. This system includes also compatible locking screws. To facilitate the identification, both titanium plate and screws are brown anodized.SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

New locking hole design:

- the screws heads do not protrude above the surface of the plate what significantly reduces the irritation of periimplant tissues,
- increased strength of the screw-to-plate threaded connection,
- bottom press part reduces surface area of the contact with the bone.

Cut in the proximal part:

- limited implant-to-bone contact,
- better visibility of the bone fragments,
- facilitated bone fragments reduction.

Aiming block:

designed for narrow and wide plates,
fast, collision-free insertion of screws in pre-determined directions.



• Oval-shaped compression hole:

- convenient plate positioning,
- compression possibility.

Holes for Kirschner wires in epiphyseal and shaft parts:

- easier plate positioning,
- temporary plate stabilization.

Proximal screws in the epiphyseal part:

- divergent optimal biomechanical stabil-
- ity of the fragments,
- support of the articular surface.



Inclined screws in the epiphyseal part: form a stable, triangular structure that

ensures safe fracture immobilisation.



Variable profile of the upper edge of the plate:

- plate reinforcement around the compression hole,
- soft edges limiting soft tissue irritation.

Bottom undercuts of the shaft part:

- limited bone-to-plate contact,
- better blood circulation of periimplant tissues.

Two width variants:

• possibility of plate selection to the type of fracture and bone size.











3. SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

3.1. PATIENT'S POSITIONING

Depending on the surgical approach, it is recommended to position a patient on their abdomen (A) with the knee elevated above the opposite knee level, or in the supine position (B) with the knee bent by an angle of about 30°. Make sure the position allows taking adequate X-Ray image in the lateral and anterior-posterior (AP) projection.





3.2. SURGICAL APPROACH

For a patient placed on the stomach, perform a gentle S-shaped incision through For a patient placed supine, perform a straight or slightly curved incision from the popliteal fossa. The incision in the length of about 8cm proximally and 8cm distally from the line of the knee joint should be performed.

Posterior approach

the medial femoral epicondyle posteriormedially to the edge of the tibia. If needed, the incision can be extended both proximally and distally.

Posterior-medial approach



3.3. FRACTURE REDUCTION

Perform fracture reduction. If need be, temporarily stabilize the bone fragments with Kirschner wires and/or reduction pliers.

3.4. IMPLANT SELECTION

Select the right size of the implant to the type of fracture, bone size and structure.

3.5. AIMING INSERT INSERTION

Attach appropriate aiming block to the plate by tightening the fixing screw of the block using screwdriver tip T15 [40.5677.000].



Most ChLP locking plates are available with aiming blocks as additional supplementary instruments. The use of aiming blocks ensures proper guide sleeves locking in the plates epiphyseal locking holes. Aiming blocks facilitate also the surgery procedure, shorten its time and ensure drilling in the axis of the locking hole.



Not using aiming blocks may lead to improper device implantation. Incorrectly locked screws can cause complications when removing the plates.



3.6. PLATE INSERTION

Position the implant correctly on the bone.

3.7. TEMPORARY PLATE STABILIZATION

Stabilize the position of the implant inserting Kirschner wires into appropriate holes or using setting-compressing screw (acc. to procedure 4a).



Kirschner wire inserted proximally (*through the aiming block*) presents (*in the lateral view*) the plane of the screws supporting the articulation surface.





3.8. CORTICAL SCREW INSERTION

Insert cortical self-tapping screw 3.5 **[3.1306]** into the oval-shaped hole of the plate *(acc. to procedure 4b).*

3.9. LOCKING SCREWS INSERTION IN THE EPIPHYSEAL PART OF THE PLATE

Insert protective guide 7/5 [40.5672] into the aiming block hole.

40.5672.000

Insert 5.0ChLP self-tapping screw 3.5 **[3.5200]** of a suitable length, through the guide, into the locking holes of the epiphyseal part of the plate (*acc. to procedure 4c*).



The cannulated fixing screw of the aiming block allows for hole drilling for locking screw insertion.



3.10. AIMING BLOCK REMOVAL

Loosen the fixing screw using screwdriver tip T15 [40.5677.000] and remove the aiming block from the plate.





3.11. INSERTION OF THE INCLINED LOCKING SCREW

Having removed the aiming block, insert a 5.0ChLP self-tapping screw 3.5 [3.5200] (acc. to procedure 4c).



3.12. INSERTION OF LOCKING SCREW IN THE SHAFT PART OF THE PLATE

Insert 5.0ChLP self-tapping screws 3.5 [3.5200] of an appropriate length into the locking holes of the shaft part of the plate (acc. to procedure 4c).



3.13. WOUND CLOSURE

Before closing the wound, take an X-Ray image in at least two projections to confirm implant position and fracture reduction. Make sure all the screws are properly tightened and do not penetrate the joint surface. Use appropriate surgical technique to close the wound.





4. SURGICAL PROCEDURES

4.a. PROCEDURE OF TEMPORARY IMPLANT STABILIZATION

Stabilization using Kirschner wires

• Stabilize temporary the implant inserting Kirschner wires 1.5/210 **[40.4592.210]** into dedicated holes in the plate.

40.4592.210



- Insert guide sleeve 5.0/1.8 [40.5673.718] into the locking hole of the plate.
- Insert Kirschner wire **[40.4592.210]** through the guide sleeve 5.0/1.8 **[40.5673.718]**.







Stabilization using setting-compressing screw

- Insert guide sleeve 5.0/2.8 [40.5673.728] into the locking hole of the plate.
- Insert setting-compressing screw 2.8/180 [40.5674.728] through the guide sleeve 5.0/2.8 [40.5673.728].
- Tighten the nut of the setting-compressing screw **[40.5674.728]** and push the plate to the bone.





4.b. PROCEDURE OF CORTICAL SELF-TAPPING SCREW 3.5 **[3.1306]**INSERTION

Compression guide positioning

Position the compression guide 2.5 [40.4804.725] in a desired position:



NEUTRAL POSITION: Push the guide to the plate. It will position itself so as neutral insertion of the screw is allowed.

COMPRESSION POSITION: Do not push the guide and move it to the edge of the compression hole. The hole drilled in this position allows compressive insertion of the screw.

ANGULAR POSITION: Angular position of the guide may also be applied.

Hole drilling

Perform a hole through both cortices for a cortical screw 3.5 insertion. For drilling, use drill with scale 2.5/210 **[40.5912.212]** and compression guide in a desired position.

~~~~~	12 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	40.5912.212

Measurement of hole depth

Insert depth measure **[40.4639.550]** into drilled hole until the hook of the measure rests against the outer surface of the second cortex.





Screw insertion

Insert cortical screw using handle ratchet device **[40.6654.000]** and screwdriver tip T15 **[40.5677.000]**.





4.c. PROCEDURE OF 5.0ChLP SELF-TAPPING SCREW 3.5 **[3.5200]** INSERTION

Guide sleeve insertion • Insert guide sleeve 5.0/2.8 [40.5673.728] into a locking hole of the plate. 57 W.____ 40.5673.728 **Hole drilling** Drill using drill with scale 2.8/210[40.5653.212] until desired depth is reached. 40.5653.212 8 5 5 5 5 **Measurement of hole depth** OPTION I: Read the length of the screw from the drill measure [40.5653.212] **OPTION I:** tin a second a second as a 40.5653.212 OPTION II: or use screw length measure [40.5675.500]. ուսիսութանում 112011114011113011115 40.5675.500 Juntantin **OPTION II:** OPTION III: Having removed the guide sleeve 5.0/2.8 [40.5673.728], use depth measure [40.4639.550] to determine the length of a screw. POPOTOTA (A 40.4639.550 **Screw insertion OPTION III:** Remove the guide sleeve 5.0/2.8 [40.5673.728]. Use torgue limiting ratchet handle 2Nm [40.6652.000] and screwdriver tip T15 [40.5677.000] to insert





the locking screw.

The final tightening of the locking screw, especially when a drive is used, should always be performed with the use of torque limiting handle. Failure to use the torque limiting handle may lead to intraoperative and postoperative complications (*during later removal of the plate and locking screws*).



5. POSTOPERATIVE PROCEDURE

Introduce appropriate postoperative treatment. The physician decides on the post-operative treatment and its conduct. In order to avoid patient's movement limitations, introduce exercises as soon after surgery as possible. However, make sure that the limb is not fully loaded before fragments osteosynthesis is complete.

6. IMPLANT REMOVAL

The physician decides about implant removal. In order to remove the implants from the body, unlock all the locking screws first and then remove them from the bone. This will prevent any rotation of the plate when removing the last locking screw.



Having cleaned the outer surface of the plate and the screws sockets, it is recommended to attach the aiming block to the plate. Using aiming block and protective sleeve ensures positioning of the screwdriver tip in the axis of the screw, its full placement in the recess, and reduces the risk of twisting the screw while removing.

7. CATALOGUE PAGES

7.a. INSTRUMENT SET

15.0205.201

Instrument set for 5.0ChLP 4x4 1/2H		15.020	05.201
	Name	Catalogue No.	Pcs
	Tray for 5.0ChLP instrument set 4x4 1/2H	14.0205.201	1
	Kirschner wire 1.5/210	40.4592.210	4
	Drill 1.8/210	40.2063.212	2
	Drill with scale 2.5/210	40.5912.212	2
	Drill with scale 2.8/210	40.5653.212	2
	Screwdriver tip T15	40.5677.000	1
	Torque limiting ratchet handle 2Nm	40.6652.000	1
	Handle ratchet device	40.6654.000	1
	Protective guide 7/5	40.5672.000	2
	Compression guide 2.5	40.4804.725	1
	Guide sleeve 5.0/1.8	40.5673.718	2
	Guide sleeve 5.0/2.8	40.5673.728	4
	Depth measure	40.4639.550	1

15.0205.202

Instrument set for 5.0ChLP 4x4 1/2H		15.02	05.202
	Name	Catalogue No.	Pcs
	Tray for 5.0ChLP instrument set 4x4 1/2H	14.0205.202	1
	Setting-compressing screw 2.8/180	40.5674.728	1
ສົມເສັດເອີ້ນເສັດເຊັ່າເຊັ່າເຊັ່າເຊັ່າເຊັ່າເຊັ່າເຊັ່າເຊັ່າ	Screw length measure	40.5675.500	1
	Plates bender 5.0	40.4643.500	2
	Tripod screwdriver tip 5.0ChLP	40.6271.500	1
	T15 screwdriver tip with holder	40.6254.000	1
	Cortical tap HA 3.5 with handle	40.2548.200	1
	Tap 5.0ChLP-3.5	40.5661.000	1
Optional instru	ument		
	Torque connector 2Nm	40.5927.020	1

7.b. PLATES



Ti Ster Ster

5.0ChLP posterior narrow tibia plate

	Len	LR
4	66	3.7094.604
6	86	3.7094.606

O -number of holes in the shaft part of the plate



5.0ChLP posterior wide tibia plate

	Len	LR
4	66	3.7095.604
6	86	3.7095.606

O -number of holes in the shaft part of the plate





Palette for 5.0ChLP plates 3.7094/3.7095 4x4 1/2H 14.0205.422



Aiming block **[3.7094]** Aiming block **[3.7095]** 40.8224.000 40.8225.000

7.c. SCREWS





5.0ChLP self-tapping screw 3.5

(8	
	THUR
A-4-4-4-4	
- de-de-de-de-de-	
1	-

Len	Ti
12	3.5200.012
14	3.5200.014
16	3.5200.016
18	3.5200.018
20	3.5200.020
22	3.5200.022
24	3.5200.024
26	3.5200.026
28	3.5200.028
30	3.5200.030
32	3.5200.032
34	3.5200.034
36	3.5200.036
38	3.5200.038
40	3.5200.040
42	3.5200.042
44	3.5200.044
46	3.5200.046
48	3.5200.048
50	3.5200.050
52	3.5200.052
54	3.5200.054
56	3.5200.056
58	3.5200.058
60	3.5200.060
65	3.5200.065
70	3.5200.070
75	3.5200.075
80	3.5200.080
85	3.5200.085

Cortical self-tapping screw 3.5

(8	Ì

Len	Ti	
10	3.1306.010	
12	3.1306.012	
14	3.1306.014	
16	3.1306.016	
18	3.1306.018	
20	3.1306.020	
22	3.1306.022	
24	3.1306.024	
26	3.1306.026	
28	3.1306.028	
30	3.1306.030	
32	3.1306.032	
34	3.1306.034	
36	3.1306.036	
38	3.1306.038	
40	3.1306.040	
45	3.1306.045	
50	3.1306.050	
55	3.1306.055	
60	3.1306.060	
65	3.1306.065	
70	3.1306.070	
75	3.1306.075	
80	3.1306.080	
85	3.1306.085	

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