



# **TRANSPALATAL DISTRACTOR 3.4499**



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## SYMBOLS DESCRIPTIONS

| Fitanium or titanium alloy  | H                   | H length [mm]   |
|---|---------------------|---|
| Cobalt  |                     | Angle   |
| eft   | 88<br>-<br>340      | available lengths                                       |
| ight  | 4-22                | Available number of holes                               |
| Available versions: left/right  | 1.8                 | Thickness [mm]  |
| ength   | 1:1                 | Scale 1:1   |
| Forx drive  |                     | Number of threaded holes in the shaft part of the plate |
| Forx drive cannulated   |                     | Number of locking holes in the plate                    |
| Hexagonal drive   | VA                  | Variable angle  |
| Hexagonal drive cannulated  |                     | Cortical  |
| Cannulated  |                     | Cancellous  |
| ocking  | Ster<br>Non<br>Ster | Available in sterile/ non- sterile condition            |
| Diameter [mm]   |                     | Refer to surgery technique                              |
|   |                     |   |
| Caution - pay attention to the particular proceeding.   |                     |   |
| Development to a set in its switch V. Day control   |                     |   |
| Perform the activity with X-Ray control.  |                     |   |
| Information about the next stages of the proceeding.  |                     |   |
|   |                     |   |
| Proceed to the next stage.  |                     |   |
| Return to the specified stage and repeat the activity.  |                     |   |
| Before using the product, carefully read the Instructions for Use supplied with the product. It contains, among others, indications, contraindications, side effects, recommendations and warnings related to the use of the product. |                     |   |
| The above description is not a detailed instruction of conduct. The surgeo  | n decides about cl  | hoosing the operating procedure.                        |

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 $The \ manufacturer \ reserves \ the \ right \ to \ introduce \ design \ changes.$ 

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

This surgical technique applies to transpalatal distractors. The presented range of implants is made of materials in accordance with ISO 5832 standards. Compliance with the requirements of quality management systems and the requirements of Directive 93/42/EEC concerning medical devices guarantee high quality of the offered implants.

The system includes:

- implants (distractor and microscrews),
- · instrument set used in the surgery,
- surgical technique.

#### **Indications**

• Correction of the deformities of the maxilla in surgically assisted rapid palatal expansion (SARPE) procedures, especially in skeletally mature patients

#### **Plate selection**

Transpalatal distractors are available in various length variants. This allows for optimal selection of the implant to the deformity type. The distractors are attached to the bone with bone microscrews of 2.0ChMP system.

It is not allowed to profile the transpalatal distractors (fixing plates included).



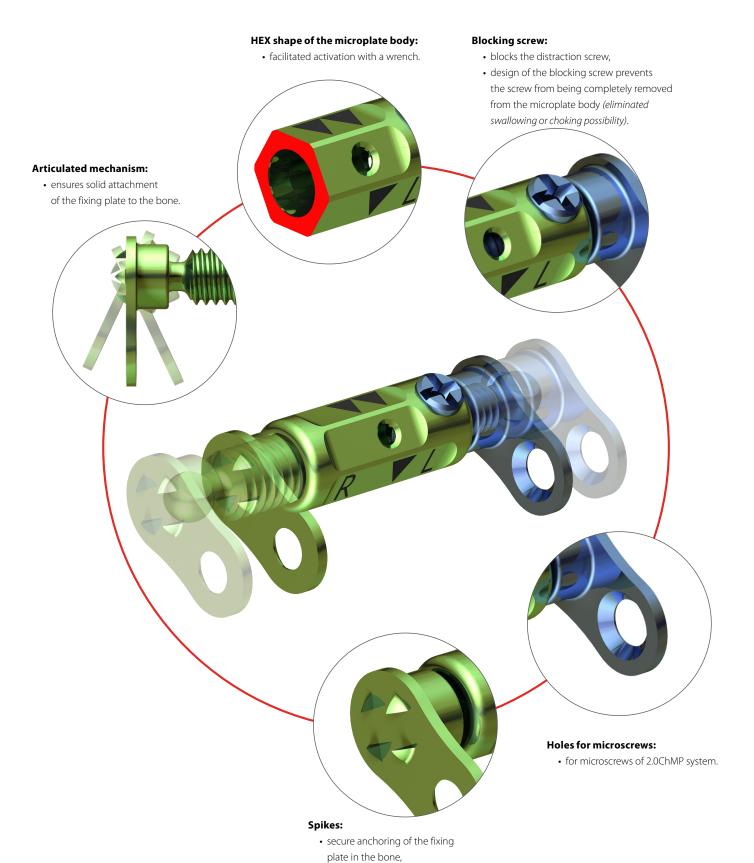
Before using the product, carefully read the Instructions for Use supplied with the product. It contains, among others, indications, contraindications, side effects, recommendations and warnings related to the use of the product.



The above description is not a detailed instruction of conduct. The surgeon decides about choosing the operating procedure.

## 2. IMPLANT DESCRIPTION



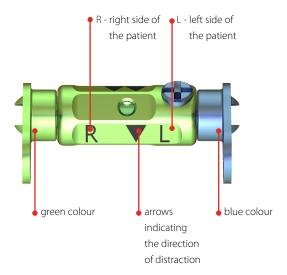


• ensure stable position of the distractor.



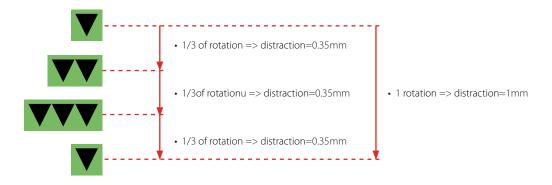
## Markings on the transpalatal distractor

An additional patient-side identification system has been introduced in the transpalatal distractors: R - right side of the patient, L - left side of the patient. In addition, the fixing plates were colour-coded: right plate - green colour; left - blue.



## **Diagram of subsequent rotation sequences**

Distraction is performed by rotating the distractor body in the direction indicated by the arrows. Schematic description of subsequent rotation sequences:



## 3. SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

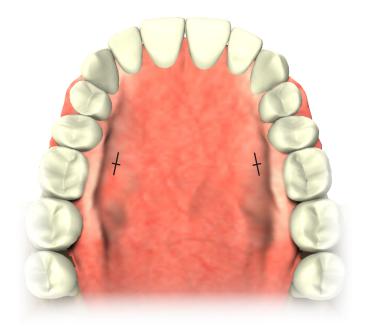
Perform planned osteotomies of the maxilla.



NOTE: It is recommended to place a gauze in the mouth to retain any small element in the event it is dropped in the mouth.

## 3.1. SURGICAL APPROACH

Perform an L-shaped or cross-incision of the palate between premolars and molars or between premolars. The length of the horizontal incision should be about 10mm parallel to the teeth, while the vertical one - about 3mm perpendicular to the teeth.



## **3.2. IMPLANT SELECTION**

Use trials [43.4499] and forceps [30.3303] to choose the distractor of an adequate length.

| The state of the s | 43.4499.017 |
|--|-------------|
| To T   | 43.4499.020 |
| T B Constant   | 43.4499.023 |
|  | 43.4499.026 |
|  | 30.3303.000 |



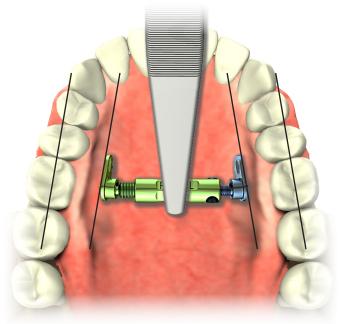
## 3.3. IMPLANT INSERTION

Use dissecting forceps STANDARD 14.5cm [30.3303] to position the implant on the bone. Set the fixing plates in horizontal position.





NOTE: Make sure the plate is positioned correctly: the left (L) side of the plate (b/ue) should be placed on the left side of the patient.



## **3.4.** MICROSCREW INSERTION

Use the quick coupling handle **[40.6405]** and a screwdriver tip X **[40.6449]** to insert the microscrews, of the appropriate length, in the fixing plate holes.





If need be, use the 1.25/15 drill [40.6422] to drill a hard bone.

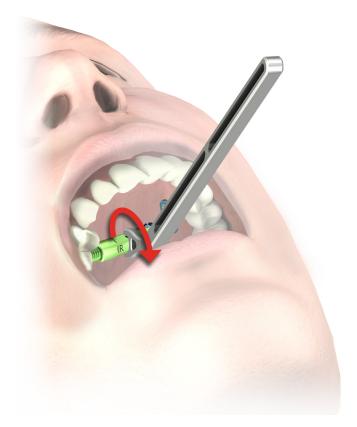
| 40.6422.600 |
|-------------|
| 40.6422.608 |



## 3.5. ACTIVATION

Use the flat wrench **[40.8402]** to activate the transpalatal distractor until diastema of about 1mm is observed.







Activate the distractor in accordance with the direction indicated by the arrows - refer to point 2 IMPLANT DESCRIPTION.

## 3.6. LATENCY PERIOD

Use the quick-coupling handle **[40.6405]** and screwdriver tip X **[40.6449]** to tighten up the blocking screw and block the distractor during the latency period.





 $\mbox{{\it NOTE}:} Tighten clockwise. Do not overtighten the blocking screw to avoid damage to the thread.$ 



The latency period lasts about 1 week. The doctor decides on the length of the latency period.



## 3.7. DISTRACTION

Following the latency period, begin the distraction.

a) Use the quick-coupling handle **[40.6405]** and screwdriver tip X **[40.6449]** to unlock the blocking screw.

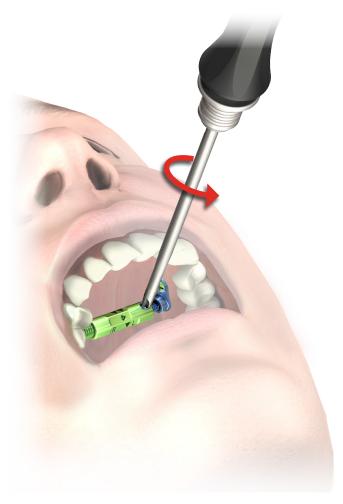




NOTE: Do not apply excessive force while unlocking since the blocking screw is secured against complete removal from the implant body.



NOTE: Unscrew the screw counterclockwise.



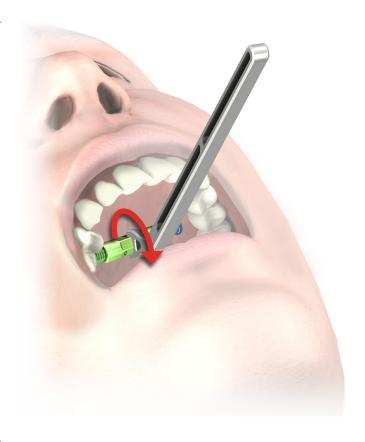
11/18

b) Use the flat wrench [40.8402] to rotate the implant body until resistance is felt.



40.8402.100

c) Make one or two rotations of the microplate body



d) In the distraction period, the patient performs 1/3 of the rotation twice a day using the flat wrench [40.8402].



40.8402.100

2 times a day x 1/3 rot. => distraction = 0.7 mm

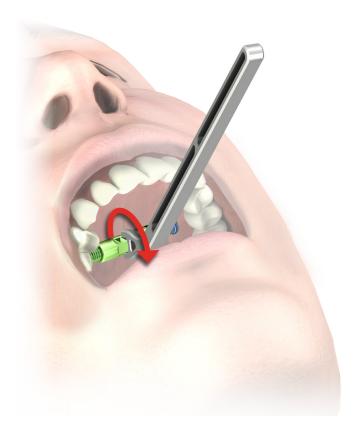


Detailed diagram of the rotation sequences - refer to point 2  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IMPLANT}}$  DESCRIPTION.



The doctor determines the size of the entire and daily distraction. Depending on the size of the intended distraction, this period last from 1 to 4 weeks.

The doctor provides the patient with a distraction calendar for recording the sequence of rotations performed.



## 3.8. CONSOLIDATION PERIOD

Once the planned expansion is accomplished, the new bone must be given time to consolidate. Block the distractor with blocking screw using screwdriver tip X **[40.6449]** and quick-coupling handle **[40.6405]**.





NOTE: Tighten clockwise. Do not overtighten the blocking screw to avoid damage to the thread.



The consolidation period lasts about  $3\div 6$  months. The doctor decides on the length of the consolidation period.



## 4. IMPLANT REMOVAL

The doctor decides to remove the implant.

To remove the implant:

- a) unlock the blocking screw,
- b) loosen the microscrews (do not remove them completely),
- c) loosen the body of the transpalatal distractor
- d) remove microscrews and distractor.



NOTE: It is recommended to place a gauze in the mouth to retain any small element in the event it is dropped in the mouth.



NOTE: Unscrew the screw counterclockwise.



## **5.** CATALOGUE PAGES

## **5a.** INSTRUMENT SET

Instrument set for 2.0ChMP 40.8409.000

|  | Quick coupling handle              | 40.6405.000 | 1 |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------|---|
| <b>€</b> ]   | Screwdriver tip X                  | 40.6449.021 | 1 |
| <del></del>  | Screwdriver tip X                  | 40.6449.081 | 1 |
|  | Drill 1.6/8                        | 40.6422.600 | 1 |
|  | Drill 1.6/8                        | 40.6422.608 | 1 |
|  | Dissecting forceps STANDARD 14.5cm | 30.3303.000 | 1 |
|  | Flat wrench                        | 40.8402.100 | 1 |
| The state of the s | Trial 3.4499.017                   | 43.4499.017 | 1 |
| C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C  | Trial 3.4499.020                   | 43.4499.020 | 1 |
| Control B Control  | Trial 3.4499.023                   | 43.4499.023 | 1 |
|  | Trial 3.4499.026                   | 43.4499.026 | 1 |
|  |                                    |             |   |



40.8403.000



## **5b.** DISTRACTORS







## **Transpalatal distractors**

| **   | Len | Ti         |
|------|-----|------------|
| 8    | 17  | 3.4499.017 |
| 13.5 | 20  | 3.4499.020 |
| 19   | 23  | 3.4499.023 |
| 24   | 26  | 3.4499.026 |

<sup>\*\* -</sup> distraction







## **5c.** SCREWS













| Len | Ti         |
|-----|------------|
| 5   | 3.6663.005 |
| 6   | 3.6663.006 |
| 7   | 3.6663.007 |
|     |            |



 $C \in$ 

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#### 1 INDICATIONS

1.Surgical and orthopaedic instruments are intended for use only by skilled and trained medical professionals who are familiar with their use and application.

- 2 DESCRIPTION

  1. The unit package contains one piece of the product in non-sterile condition. Clear plastic bags are a typical packaging material. The products may also be supplied as a complete set (arranged on palettes and placed into specially designed sterilization containers). This instructions for Use is attached both to the unit packages and the sets.

  2. The package is equipped with the product label. The label (as a primary label) contains, among others:

  1) Logo Chin and the address of the manufacturer.

  2) Catalogue number (REF) e.g. 4.000000000, and device name and size.

  3) Production bath number (LOF) e.g. 4.00000000.

  4) NON-TSTRIE sign indicates non-sterile product.

  5) Information symbols (described in the footer of this instructions for Use).

  6) Ex conformity mark.

- Depending on the size or type of the product, the following information may be marked on its surface: manufacturer's logo, production batch no. (LOT), catalogue no. (REF), type of material and device size.

#### 3 MATERIALS

- 3 MATERIALS
  1. For the production of instruments, ChM sp. z.o. uses mainly: steel, aluminum alloys and plastics, approved for use in surjical instruments and in accordance with applicable procedures.
  1. Entruments are produced of consolon-resistant seel. The protective layer (possive layer) against corrosion is formed on the surface of the device due to high content of chromium.
  3. Devices produced of adminishing are mainly stands, paletters, overteet and some parts of instruments such as e.g. handles. The protective noise layer which may be dyed or stops in natural colour (silvery-grey) is formed on the aluminism; and effect of electrochemic literations of liss surface.
  4. Devices produced cenning and distinctional literations of liss surface.
  4. Devices made of aluminism with processed layer have good corrision resistance. However, the contact with strong alkaline cleaning and distinctional goalerts, solutions containing lodine or some metal salts, due to chemical inferference with the processed aluminism surface, shall be avoided.
- cal interference with the processed aluminium surface, shall be avoided.

  Solveices produced of plastics are mainly stands, palettes, curettes and some parts of instruments such as e.g., handles. Plastics used in the manifacture of instruments are mainly. PPSU (Polyphorykoulfone), PEEK (Polyetheriet

#### 4 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- 1.Instruments are intended for use only by skilled and trained medical professionals who are familiar with their use and application.
- use and application. Limproper, careless and inconsistent with the recommendations provided below handling of the instruments can lead to their chemical, electrochemical or mechanical damage which can adversely affect corrosion resistance and shorten the service life of the devices. 3.Instruments are intended only for specific procedures and must be used strictly according to their intended pur-pose. Use of instruments on in accordance with their intended purposes may lead to malfunction, accelerated wear and, in consequences, damage to the instrument.

- wear and, in consequences, damage to the instrument.

  All hes surgeon should be familiar with all components of the device before use and should personally werify if all components and instruments are present before the surgery begins.

  Selfore the procedure begins, all instruments should be carefully inspected for their condition and proper functioning. They should be undermaped and without any signs of comosion. Bades and cutting edges should be admitted and undermaped undermaped the correct instruments should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged undermaped their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent, damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent damaged their should be immediately replaced. The use of bent damaged their should be immediately replaced their should be immediately replaced their should be immediately replaced.

- damaged or comoded instruments is not allowed.

  Glissue structures done to the operative site must be protected.

  T.Gollision of the instrument with metal operating equipment, retractor or other device may cause damage that necessitates introperative replacement of that instrument.

  Bo not apply excessive force when using the instrument it may lead to its permanent damage and, in consequences, to not influction of the device.

  Shortunents are subject to constant wear processes. While rear, interoperative facture or breakage of the instrument can occur. Instruments with other been subjected to prolongly used or excessive forces are more succeptible to fractures, depending on care taken during surgery and the number of procedures performed. Should medical facility procedures.

  In other to construct the instrument parts must be removed and disposed of immediately in accordance with valid medical facility procedures.

  Oli no deer to confirm the memoral of all undesired metal fragments from the surgical field, intrapperative X-Ray examination is recommended.

- examination is recommended.

  If In the case of suspected or documented allergy or intolerance to metallic materials, surgeon shall find out if the patient develops allergic reaction to the instrument material by ordering appropriate tests.

  12.1 it is cutremely important to follow the calibration deadline which is permanently marked on the torque instruments (see Culd&MRVIO). Use of a foreupe instrument with on overstepped collobration date may lead to potential injury, implant or device damage, or loss of correction. If there appear any irregularities in device operation, e.g., due to be any usage, prior to next calibration date, the instrument should be immediately sent to the manufacturer for its re-calibration.
- turer for its re-calination.

  All Instrument with And contact with tissues or body fluids of another patient cannot be re-used prior to its repo-cessing due to a potential risk of cross-infection caused by viruses, bacteria and priors.

  14 Middle and working part of the surgical devices with hardened insert shall be used during the surgical procedure.
  Improper or inconsistent with the intended purpose usage of the product may lead to damage of the working
  part e.g. damage to the inserts.

#### 5 CLEANING, DISINFECTION, STERILIZATION

- 5 CLEANING, DISINFECTION, STERILIZATION

  1. The device must undeep oclaming, disinfection and sterilization procedures.

  2. Effective desaining is complicated procedure depending on the following factors: the quality of water, the type and the quantity of used detergent, the technique of dearing inmanual automated, the proper missing and dying, the proper preparation of the device, the time, the temperature and carefulness of the person conducting this process, etc.

  3. The hospital facility remains responsible for the effectiveness of the conducted dearing, packaging and sterilization processes with the use of existing equipment, materials and properly trained personnel.

  2. Preparation at the place of use.

  3. Ill minufactively after use, remove from instrument blood and other contaminants with disposable doth or paper trowers. Additionally, it is recommended to rise the instrument under running water or to place it in the aqueous disinfectant solution. Do not let blood, tissues, body fluids or other biological impurities dry out on the surface of the device.
- the surface of the device.
  2) In order to prevent blood and debris from drying out on the instrument surface, transport the product to the

- processing area in a closed container or covered with a damp cloth.

  3) In order to avoid contamination during transportation, the dirty instruments should be separated from the

- 3) In order to error contamination reunity sundo-deain ones.
  3. Preparation for washing and disinfection (for all methods).
  1) The used instruments should be exprocessed as soon as possible.
  2) If the instrument can be disassembled, it must be done before cleaning processes.
  3) Rince under moning voter and remove surface debits issuing a disposable cloth, paper towel or plastic brushes (nylon brushes are recommended). Particular attention should be paid to openings and places difficult to be cleaned. Very dirty devices should be soaked in an aqueous solution of a detergent or a washing-disinfecting agent, e.g., encodister? Medicilean force, at temperature of 494-1-27 can dip of 103-410.3 (follow the information contained in the instructions prepared by the manufacturer of the agent, in respect of temperature, conmation contained in the instructions prepared by the manulacturer of the agent, in respect of temperature, con-centration, exposure time and water quality).

  4) CAUTION: It is forbidden to use brushes made of metal, bristles or materials which could damage the product.
- Deaning and disinfection process.

  1) This Instructions for Use describes two ChM-approved deaning and disinfection methods: manual with ultrasound cleaning and automated method. It is recommended to use automated cleaning and disinfection procedures (in a washer-disinfector).
- processures (in a viscures-animetrus).

  2) The chosen washing and disinfecting agents must be suitable and approved for use with medical devices. It is important to follow the instructions and restrictions specified by the producer of those cleaning agents. It is recommended to use aqueous solutions of washing-distincting agents with a plavalue between 10.4 and 10.8. CM used the following materials during the validation process of the described recommendations for cleaning and disinfection. It is allowed to use other materials that those listed below which may also give a

- cleaming and distinction. It is allowed to use other materias than timose lasted nelow which may also give a comparable effective (producer) needshers "MediClean forte (name of the deepent); b) disinfectant. Problegert (producer) needshers "Septo Active (name of disinfectant). 3) To prevent product chamage (pitting, rust, discolarotion), do not use aggressive cleaning agents. (MoOH, MoOCI), saline solutions and mustitable cleaning agents. 4) Where possible, it is recommended to use demineralized water to avoid the formation of spots and stains caused by cholories and other compounds present in ordinary water. 5) Manual with ultracound cleaning.
- Manual with ultrasound cleaning.

  Equipment and materials: a device for ultrasound cleaning, soft, lint-free cloths, plastic brushes, syringes, aquecus solutions of cleaning agent.

  Manual cleaning initial manual cleaning must be performed prior to ultrasound cleaning. Rinse under unning water until the product is visually clean. Use plastic brushes to remove heavy or large debris.
- debris;
  de bris;
  de b

- inflict the election plant consistency of the product, carefully. Use suitable brushes to dear the sufficient to be cleaning oblution. Clean the surfaces and gaps of the product, carefully. Use suitable brushes to dearn the holes. Clean the product immersed in the solution.

  Rince the product thoroughly under warm running water for at less 2 minutes, paying special attention the gaps, blind holes, Impies and plints. When dearning, use brushes and perform multiple reciprocating movements on the surface of the product. Visually inspect the entire surface of the product for debris and impurity. Repeat the steps described in subsections of huntil the product is visually dean.

  Ultrasound cleaning prepare an aqueous dearning solution at a temperature of 40 +/- 2°C and pH of 10.4-10.8 (follow the information contained in the instructions prepared by the manufacturer of the cleaning agent, in respect of temperature, concentration, exposure time and valver qualify). Immerse fully the product in the aqueous cleaning solution and have it washed in ultrasounds for 15 minutes.

  Rince the product thoroughly under demineralized water, paying particular attention to the holes and places difficult to be cleaned.

- difficult to be cleaned.

  Wisally inspect the entire surface of the product for debris and impurity. Repeat the steps described in subsections c-k until the product is visually clean.

  Use deminicated water for final insing of the device.

  In yor, the device thoroughly using disposable, soft, filent fee doth or compressed air.

  Perpare an aqueues solution of dishericting agent at a temperature of 2014-27 'x using 20g of the agent per 1 liter of voater. Immerse the product in the solution, exposure time.—1 Smin follow the information contained in the instructions prepared by the manufacturer of the agent, in respect of temperature, concentration, exposure time and vater quality).

  After the exposure time, nine the product throughly under demineralized water, paying particular attention to the holes and places difficult to be cleaned.
- tion to the inclination and the control of the control of the cannulated instruments should be treated using a compressed air or air supplied from the syringe. Dry the device thoroughly. It is recommended to dry the product in a dryer at a temperature ranging from 90°C to 110°C.
- c. ect the entire surface of the device.

- 1) Misually inspect the entire surface of the device.
  2) Auxiliary like the obstruction in the comunia cannot be removed as indicated in the Instructions for Use, the device should be obstruction in the comunia cannot be removed as indicated in accordance with facility procedures and guidelines.
  3) The automated method using a washer -disinfector.
  3 Equipment and materials a washer-disinfector.
  4) Equipment and materials as washer-disinfector.
  5) Cleaning in the washer-disinfector must be preceded by a manual and ultrasound deaning, following the procedure deviceditien in subsections 6 or 16 paragraph 5.
  4) CAUTION: The equipment used for washing distinfection should meet the requirements of ISO 15882. Procedure of washing in the washer-disinfects of shall be performed according to internal hospital procedures, recommendations of the washer-disinfector manufacturer, and instructions for use prepared by the washinon-disinfection acent manufacture.
- recommendations of the washer-disinfector manufacturer, and instructions for use prepared by the washing-disinfecting agent manufacturer.
  The device should undergo the process of machine washing in the washer-disinfector using the following
  cycle parameters: [7] per-washing in rold tap water, duration 2 min; [2] woshing in an aqueous solution of cleaning agent at 55+1-27 and pl of 10.4 10.3, duration 10min; [3] rinsing under demineralized water, duration 2 min; [4] thereof addinection in demineral-lead water at your commendation of the processing of the processi

- The Each time before re-use and re-sterilization, all medical devices should be inspected.

  2) All parts of the product should be checked for visible dirt and corrosion. Particular attention should be paid to:

- All parts of the products hould be checked to visible dirt and corrosion. Particular attention should be paid to:
  ) follows, growers and ages the debits outlina between pressed into during use.
  ) Places where dirt can be found, such as joints, latches, etc.
  Generally ummanglind visual inspection under good light conditions is sufficient.
  Each time before re-use and re-sterilization, the functional check of the product should be performed, consist-
- ng or: Verifying the connections in the mating instruments, such as tips, shafts and quick coupling devices.

- ) Verifying the connections in the malting instruments, such as tips, shafts and quick coupling devices.)
  ) Verifying the correct functioning of mechanisms e, as cover which span mechanism, etc.
  ) Verifying all rotating devices for staippiness of this can be simply achieved by rolling the device on a flat surface.)
  ) Verifying cutting deeps for shappense.
  ) Verifying instruments for damage to material structure (racks, dents, peek, etc.).
  Damaged or defective product cannot be approved for further use.
  Prior to storage, the instrument must be checked for dryness.
  CUITION:

  OLIVION:

  The CMIS p.z. oa. obes not define the maximum number of uses appropriate for re-usable medical instruments. The useful lifle of these devices depends on many factors including the method and duration of each use, and the handling between uses. Careful and proper use reduces the risk of damage to the product and extends its serviceable life.

  1) The manufacturer does not recommend using any preservatives on medical devices.
- Packaging

  1) Washed and dried devices shall be stored (if possible) in suitable stands placed in special sterilization containes. Separate items should be packed in a packaging intended for the recommended steam sterilization. Sterilization containes, item packaging and packaging process but efficate to meet the requirements of 50 T1607 standards. The packaging procedure must be performed in controlled purity conditions. The device must be packades to that during its removal from the packaging, when used, there is no risk for its re-contamination Smilling and the packaging procedure must be packaging.

- ım exposure time: 7 m ım drying time: 20 mir
- c) minimu
   c) CAUTION:
- n process must be validated and routinely monitored in accordance with the requirements of
- EN ISO 17665-1.

  Sterilization must be effective and in accordance with requirements of the EN 556-1 standard to ensure the required level of guaranteed sterility SAL 10° (where SAL stands for Sterility Assurance Level).

  Device must not be sterilized in the packaging in which it was delivered, except specially designed sterilizations.
- tion contains the control of the con

#### 6 STORAGE

The devices should be properly stored. When storing surgical instruments, it is recommended that they never be stacked together. It may lead to damage of cutting edges (*inick or dull)* and/or initiation of corrosion centers. Instruments should be stored in a deam and dry room, at room temperature and of the direct surgificial, if pos-sible, instruments should be stored in suitable palettes placed into specially designed sterilization containers.

## 7 CALIBRATION

Regular calibration is required in case of torque wrenches, handles and connectors. Torque instruments an tory-calibrated, the nominal torque of a calibrated instrument is marked on the device (e.g. 4 Nm). To mai

a high level of safety and accuracy of operation of a torque instrument, it is necessary to follow the calibration deadline which is marked on the device.

Substitute minut as instanced under center.

2. Instrument calibration is performed by the manufacturer. Any attempt of unauthorized modifications to the construction or factory setting of the torque devices can lead to a potential injury or damage to the product and is prohibited.

#### 8 COMPATIBILITY

1.CMM specialist instrument sets are designed for insertion of ChM implants. A specific, illustrated operating technique that describes the proper use of instruments included in the insurment set that is designed for particular implant systems, provided together with such instrument set. It is not allowed to combine ChM instruments with products from other manufacturers. The physician bears all responsibility for the use of the ChM instruments together with implants and instruments from other manufacturers.

If this instructions appears unclear, please contact the manufacturer, who shall provide all required ex-

, Updated INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE are available on the following website: www.chm.eu

IFU-I-001/06.18; Date of verification: June 2018

SYMBOL TRANSLATION - OBJAŚNIENIA SYMBOLI - ПОЯСНЕНИЕ ОБОЗНАЧЕНИЙ - EXPLICACIÓN DE LOS SÍMBOLOS - SYMBOLERKLÄRUNG - SYMBOLY PŘEKLADY - TRADUZIONE SIMBOLI



(%)

2

Do not resterilize - Nie steryli*zować* ponownie - Не стерилизовать повторно - No reesterilizar - Nicht resterilizieren - Nepoužívejte resterilizaci - Non risterilizzare Do not use if package is damaged - Nie używać jeśli opakowanie jest uszkodzone - Не использов при повреждённой упаковже - No utilizar si el erwase está dañado - Nicht verwenden falls Verp beschádigt ist - Nepoužívejte, pokud je obal poškozen - Non utilizzare se la confezione é dannego

๎ for Use - Zajrzyj do instrukcji używania - Обратитесь к инструкции по п nes de uso - Siehe die Gebrauchsanweisung - Řídte se návodem k použiti  $\prod$ i

AON sterile - Niesterylny - Не стерильно - No estéril - Unsteril - Nesterilní - Non steril  $\triangle$ Caution - Ostrzeżenie - Осторожно - Advertencia - Vorsicht - Varování - Auvertenza

Sterilized using irradiation - Sterylizowany przez napromieniowanie - Радиационная стерилизан Esterilizado mediante radiación - Sterilisiert durch Bestrahlung - Sterilizovat zäřením - Sterilizzato mediante irradiazione STERILE R

Sterilized using hydrogen peroxide - Sterylizowary nadtlenkiem wodoru - Стерилизован перекисью водорода - Esterilizado con perióxido de hidrógeno - Sterilisiert mit Wasserstoffperoxid - Sterilizováno s peroxidem vodiku - Sterilizzato mediante perossido di idrogeno STERILE VH202 REF Catalogue number - Numer katalogowy - Howep no xaran Katalogové číslo - Numero di catalogo LOT Batch code • Kod partii • Код партии • Código de lote • Chargennum Mat: Material - Materiał - Material - Material - Material - Material Qty: ntity - Ność - Количество - Cantidad - Menge - Množství - Or

Use hy « Użyć do » Mcnonsangars, no » Usar antes de » Verwenden his » Použite do » Da utilizzare entro il

Manufacturer: ChM sp. z o.o.

Lewickie 3b, 16-061 Juchnowiec K., Poland tel.: +48 85 86 86 100 fax: +48 85 86 86 101 e-mail: chm@chm.eu www.chm.eu

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**C** € <sub>0197</sub>